

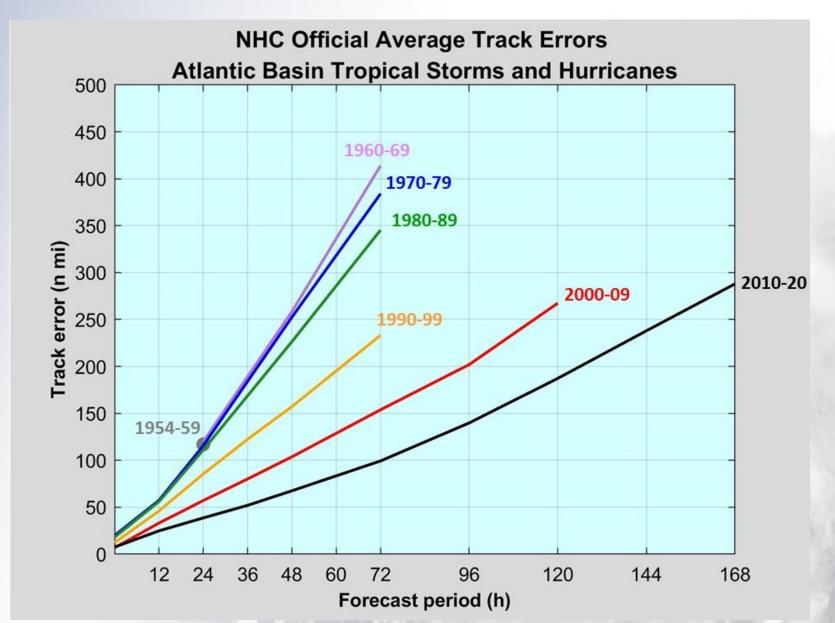
Accuracy of NHC Forecasts

- * Track (how far off east/west, north/south)
- * Intensity (was the prediction too strong or too weak)
- * Compare NHC forecasts against the models and look at long-term trends.



Atlantic Track Error Trends

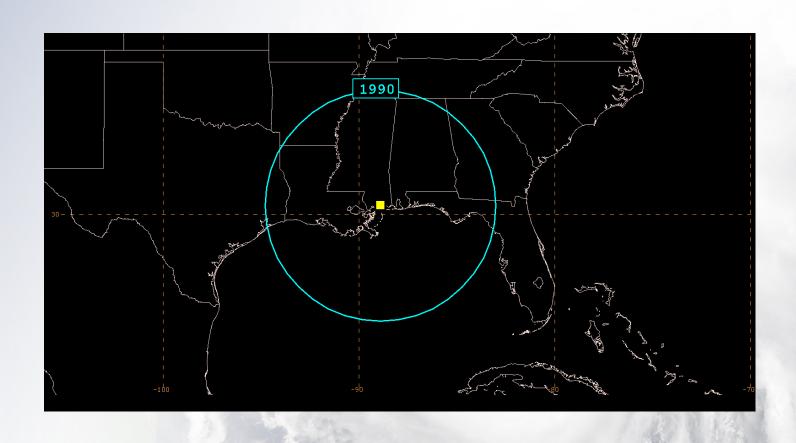






3-day NHC Average Track Error

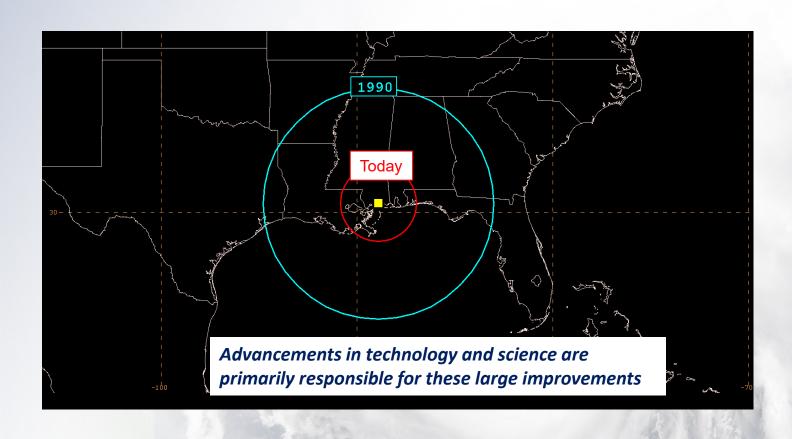






3-day NHC Average Track Error

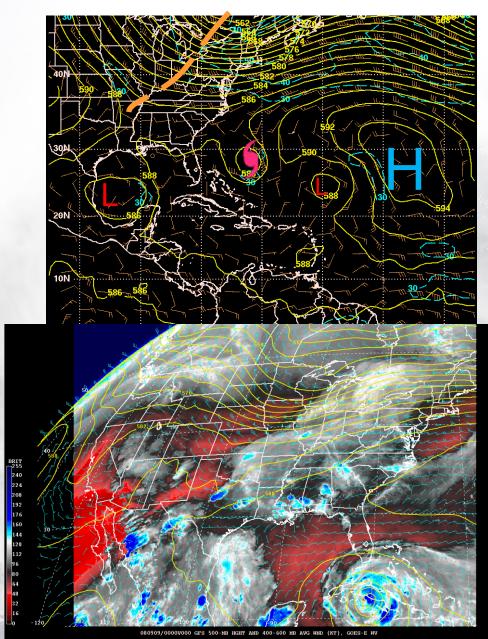




Tropical Cyclone Motion

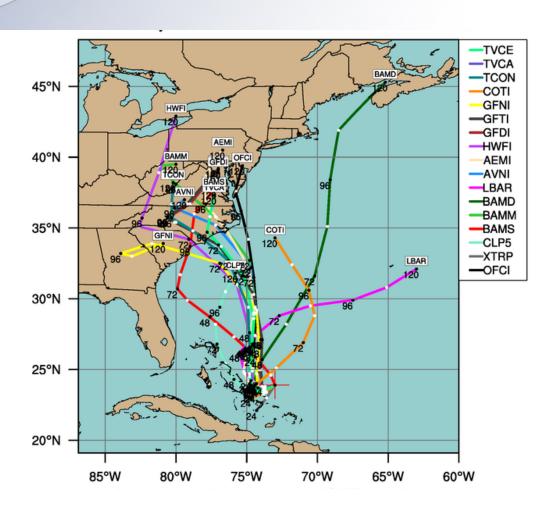


- Track forecasting is a relatively simple problem with wellunderstood physics
 - Cork in stream analogy
- Important atmospheric features are relatively large and easy to measure
- Numerical computer models forecast track quite well
 - Constantly improving with upgrades to model physics and resolution
 - Long ago surpassed statistical models in accuracy



Track Models



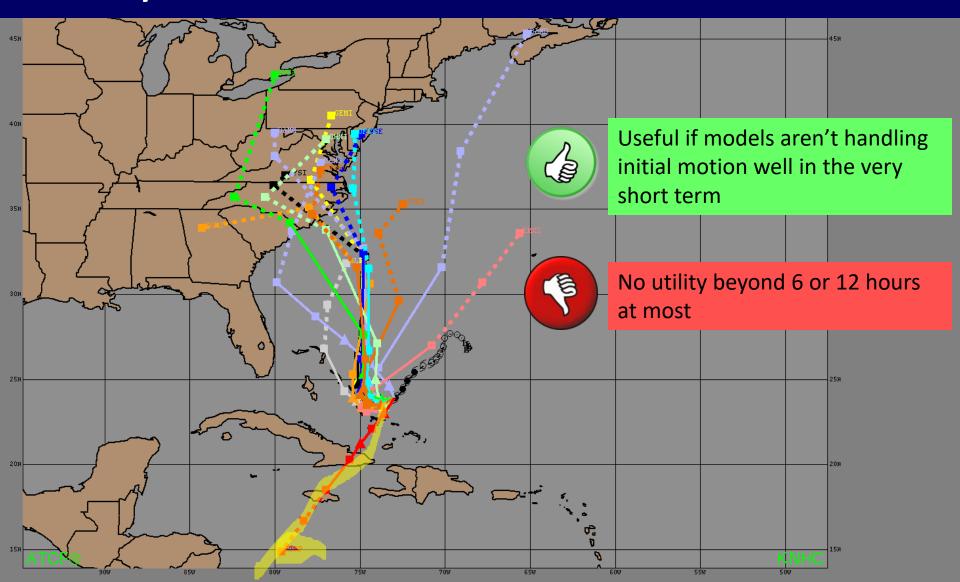


- What does this set of lines represent?
- Do they accurately convey the uncertainty in the track forecast?
- Are they all created equal?
- What's missing?

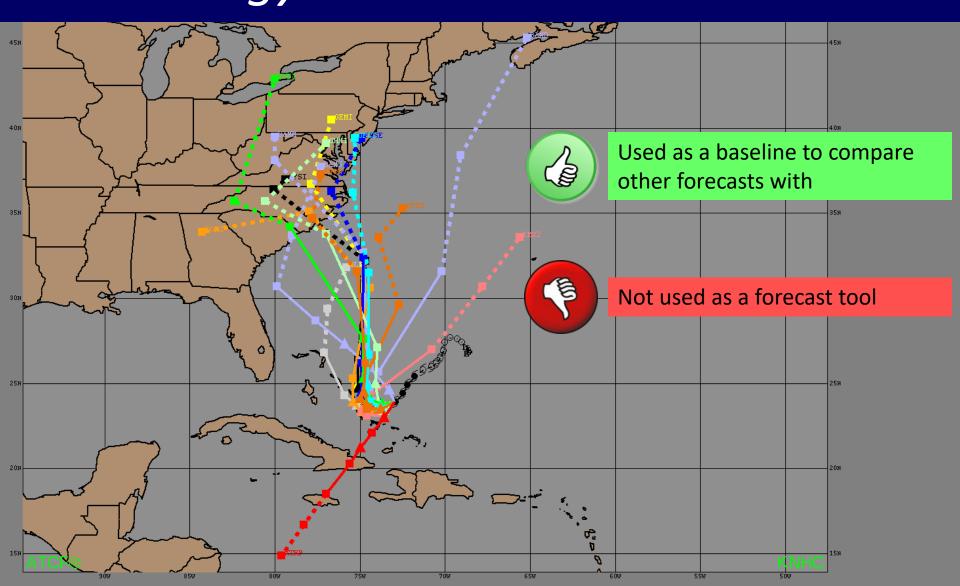
MAJOR HURRICANE JOAQUIN (AL11)

Tropical Cyclone Models

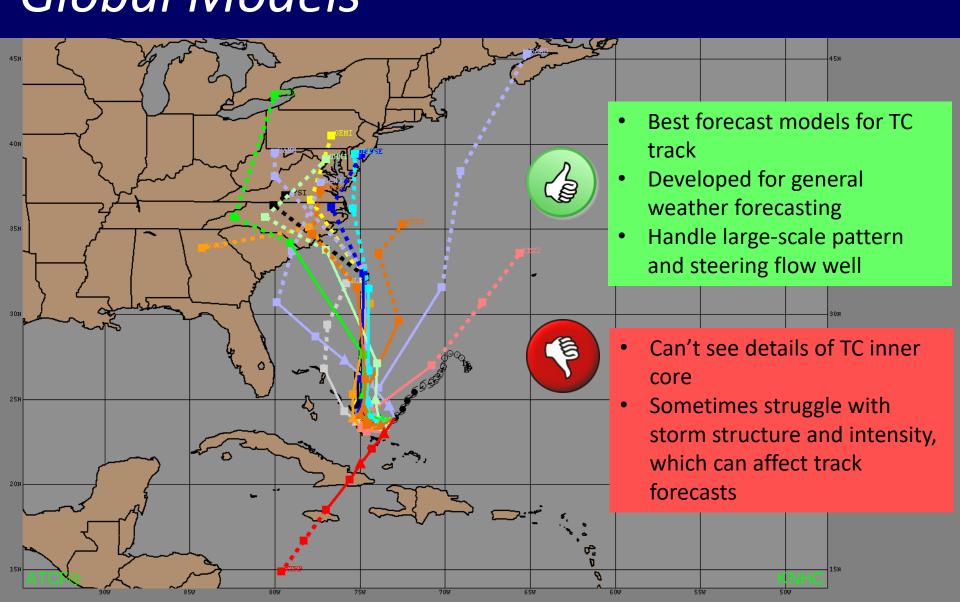
Extrapolated Motion



Tropical Cyclone Models Climatology and Persistence

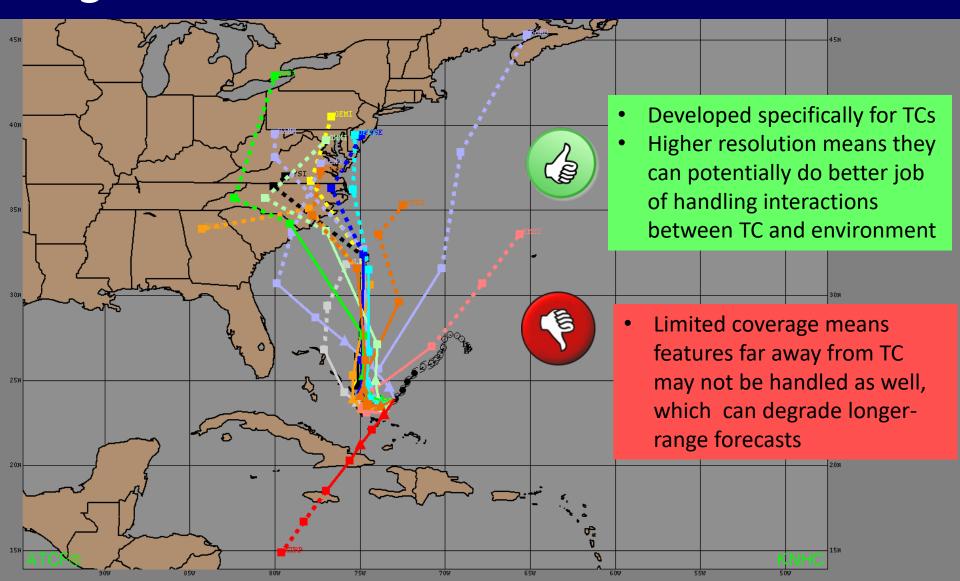


Tropical Cyclone Models Global Models



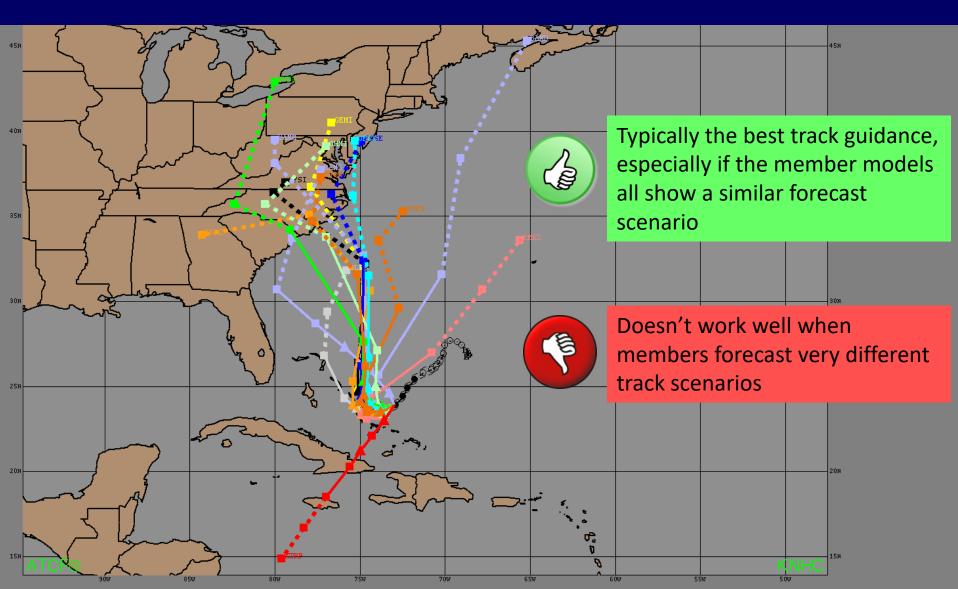
Tropical Cyclone Models

Regional Hurricane Models



Tropical Cyclone Models

Consensus Models



Questions



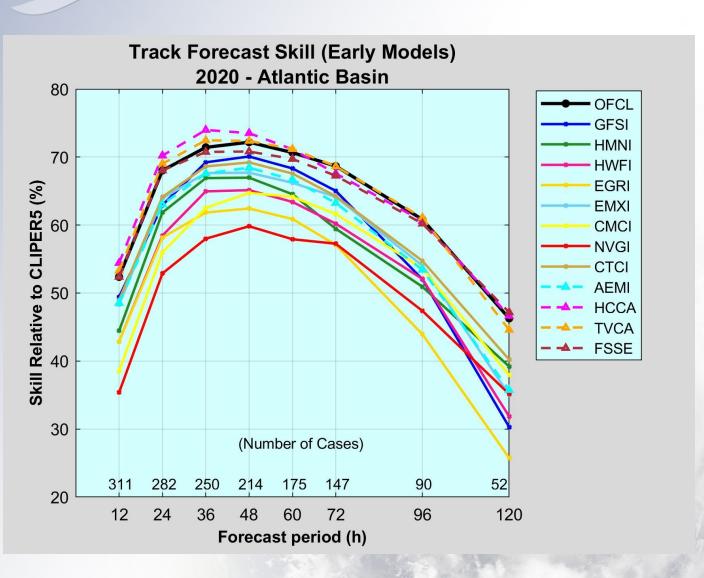
Which model is the best one? Which one should you use?

120-h Track Forecast Guidance Trends **Atlantic Basin** 700 - GFSI GFDI/HMNI - UKMI/EGRI 600 NGPI/NVGI **HWFI** - EMXI **500** Forecast Error (n mi) 400 300 200 100 GFSI NGPI GFSI GFSI UKMI NGPI GFSI EMXI EMXI UKMI EMXI EMXI HWFI GFSI EMXI EMXI EMXI EMXI EMXI EMXI EMXI HMNI Year



2020 Track Guidance





Official forecasts were very skillful and were near best performing models, the consensus aids (FSSE, HCCA, TVCA).

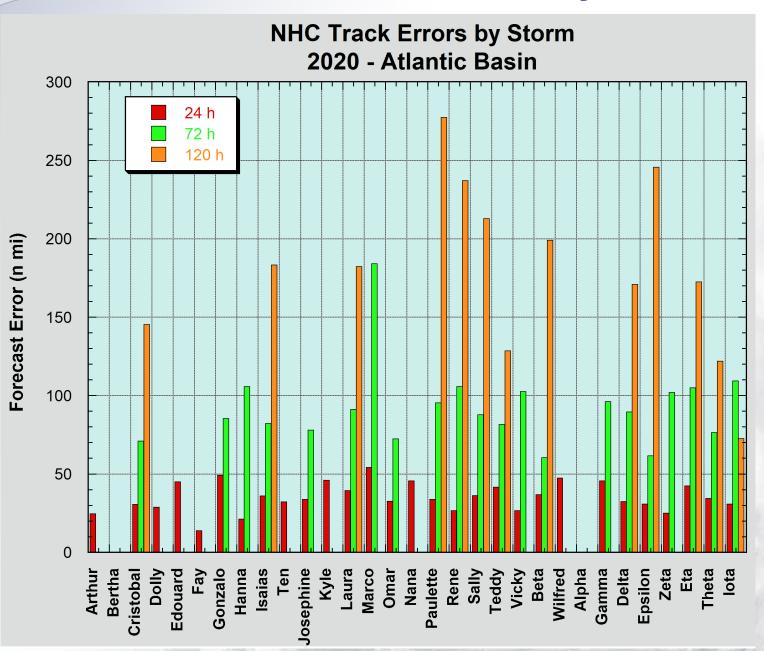
GFSI best individual model, from 36 – 72 h.

AEMI, EMXI, HMNI, CTCI, close to one another.

HWFI and CMCI were next best models.

NVGI, EGRI trailed

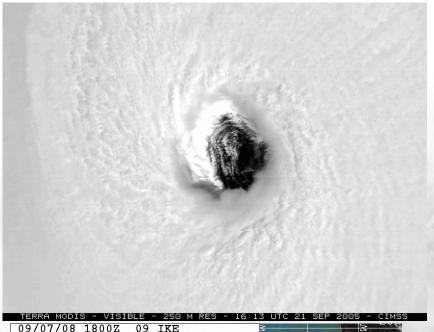
2020 NHC Track Errors by Storm

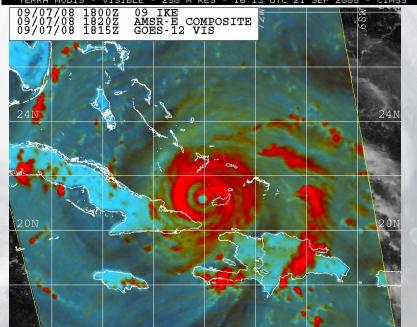


Tropical Cyclone Intensity



- Multi-scale problem that involves complex interactions between thunderstorms in the core and the environment, as well as atmosphereocean interactions
- Depends strongly on track
- Depends critically on wind, temperature, and moisture patterns over the core and near environment
- Depends on internal processes, such as eyewall replacement cycles, that are poorly understood

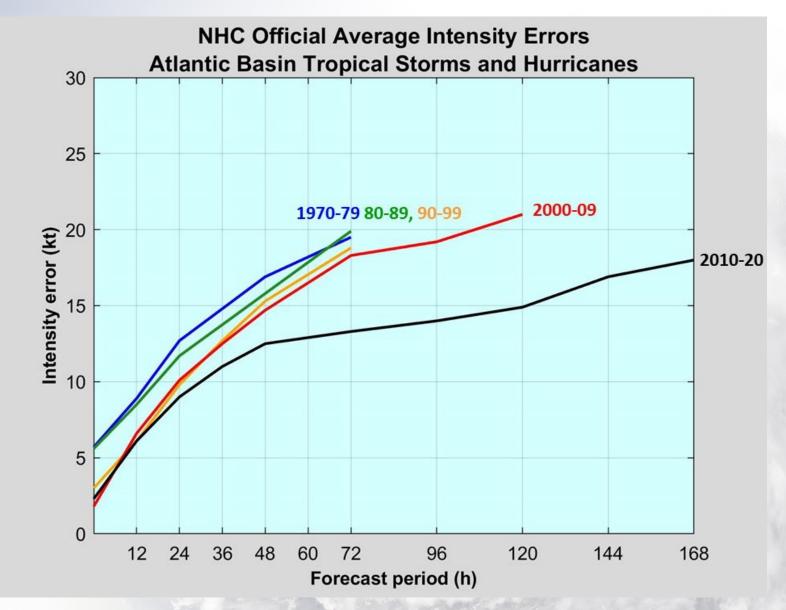




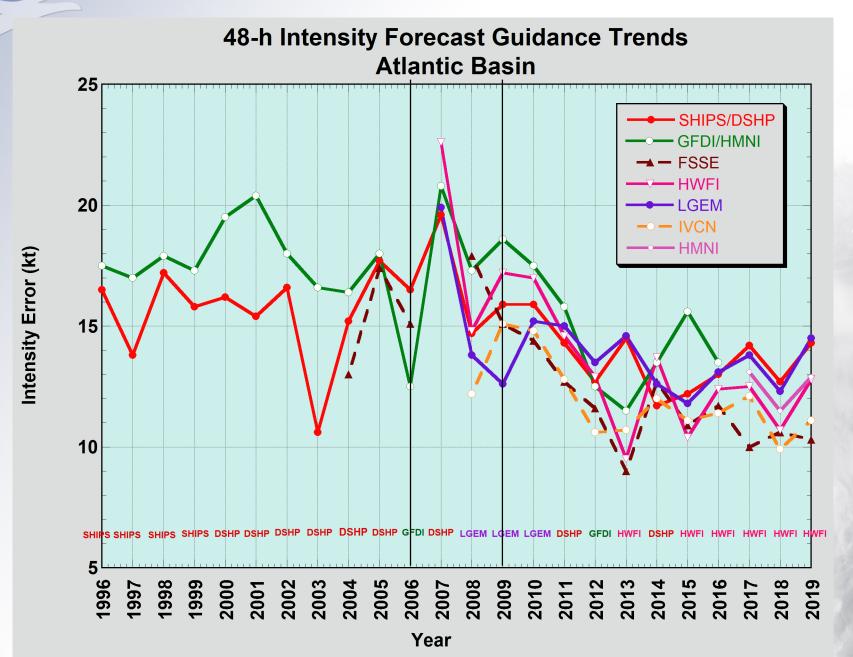


Atlantic Intensity Error Trends





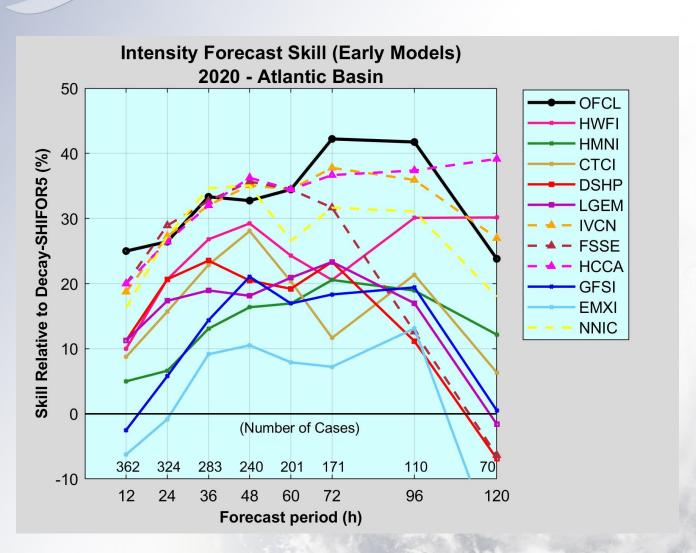
48 h Model Trends





2020 Intensity Guidance





Official forecasts very skillful, as good as or better than the consensus aids.

FSSE trailed with time.

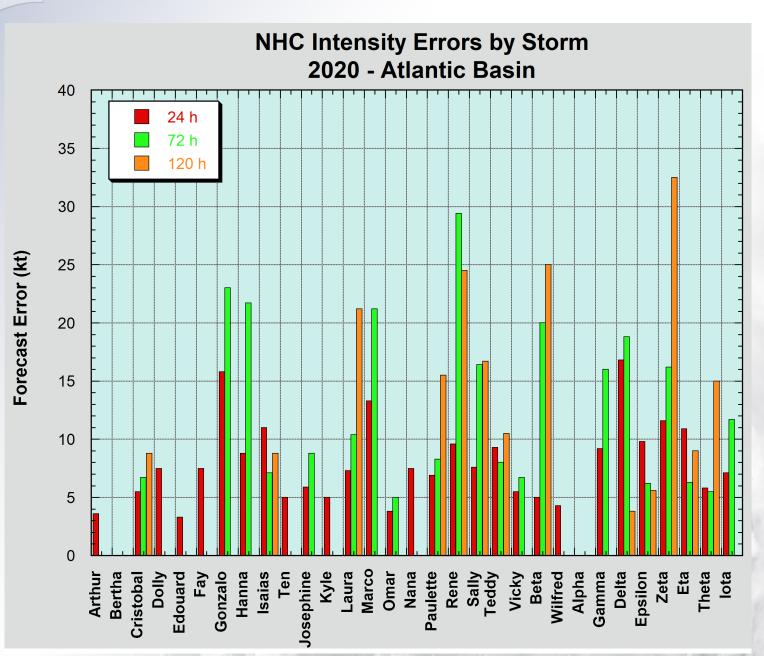
HWFI was a strong performer, best individual model.

CTCI and HMNI not as good as HWFI.

DSHP and LGEM were fair performers, but not as good as HWFI and consensus models.

GFSI somewhat competitive. EMXI barely skillful.

2020 NHC Intensity Errors by Storm





FORECAST INTENSITY ERRORS Rapid Strengthening



RAPID INTENSIFICATION

Rapid intensification remains a forecast challenge and often results in very large errors

 Our ability to recognize conditions that favor rapid intensification has improved, however forecasting the extent and timing of that intensification remains difficult.

Example: Iota Advisory 7 (2020)

65 mph **Initial Intensity:** 65 mph **Initial Intensity:** 24h Forecast: 105 mph 36h Forecast: 120 mph **Actual Intensity:** 105 mph **Actual Intensity:** 155 mph 24 h Error: 36 h Error: 0 mph **35 mph**

