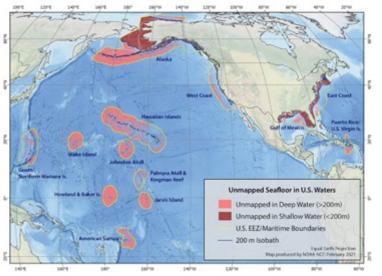
# A Strategy to Map, Explore, and Characterize the U.S. EEZ

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## The National Ocean Mapping, Exploration, and Characterization (NOMEC) Strategy

Only 47 percent of the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) has been minimally mapped and only a fraction of that has been explored or characterized (Fig. 1). In 2020, the United States government released the NOMEC Strategy, an innovative policy framework for mapping, exploring, and characterizing (MEC) the Nation's EEZ, an area of seafloor that is larger than the entire land area of the United States.



Example NOMEC objectives:

- Identify strategic priorities for exploration and characterization
- Address critical knowledge gaps to better inform decisions
- Establish MEC data collection protocols and standards
- Improve data accessibility and usability
- Inspire the public

#### 5 Goals of the NOMEC Strategy



- Map the seafloor in all U.S. waters by 2030 (>40m depth) or 2040 (<40m)
- Explore and characterize identified priority
- Develop innovative ocean science methodologies and technologies
- Build new non-federal partnerships and boost public involvement

## What Is a NOMEC Project?

Fig. 2: Multibeam sonar bathymetry data of Pao Pao Seamount (NOAA OER)

NOMEC projects will typically: involve multiple federal agencies; collect and make publicly available a combination of mapping, exploration, and characterization data; advance useful technologies or methods; adhere to established federal standards and protocols; and involve at least some non-federal collaboration.

### Aleutian Islands Project Example

NOAA, BOEM, and the USGS, with work conducted by private sector and Collaborations:

academia; Tribal engagement will be sought

Identified as a priority area for multiple agency mission needs including systematic characterization of sensitive benthic habitats, geology, and submarine geohazards

Planned Activities:

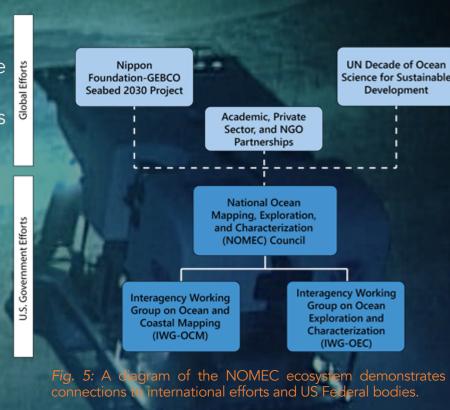
Significance:

- Mapping (multibeam bathymetry/backscatter) with uncrewed surface vehicle (Fig. 3)
- Exploring with traditional vessel-based and submersible methods identifies areas of interest like vents, seamounts, and locations for physical sampling
- Characterizing the area with physical sampling (eDNA, coral vouchers, sediment cores, water chemistry, etc.) will provide baseline information for ideal siting of longterm monitoring stations such as at deep coral reefs (Fig. 4)

Fig. 4. Deploying a benthic lander for longterm monitoring at a deep sea coral site

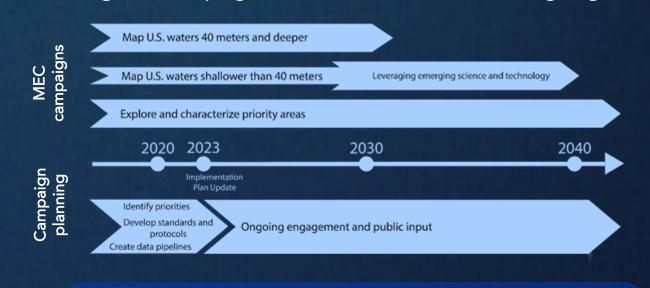
## The NOMEC Community

The White House Ocean Policy Committee and Ocean Science and Technology Subcommittee entrusted coordination and implementation of this Strategy to a new interagency NOMEC Council and two interagency working groups with broad federal representation and crosssector engagement (Fig. 5), starting with an actionable blueprint detailed in the Implementation Plan.



#### NOMEC Happenings

- Mapping data <u>solicitations</u> / submissions (ongoing)
- UN Decade Laboratory Satellite Event (September 2021)
- NOMEC Website launching soon (September 2021)
- Priorities for Ocean Exploration and Characterization (public comment Fall 2021, release Winter 2021)
- Standard Ocean Mapping Protocol (Winter 2021)
- Ocean Sciences Meeting: OEC Priorities scientific session and NOMEC townhall (February/March 2022)
- NOMEC Project Database (ongoing)
- Regional campaigns and other collaborations (ongoing)



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Fig. 3: Emerging/developing technologies such as uncrewed surface vehicles will be essential in achieving the Strategy's ambitious goals.