



# *Using the Ecological Restoration of Dunes and Mangroves to Improve Coastal Community and Habitat Resilience in Loiza, Puerto Rico*



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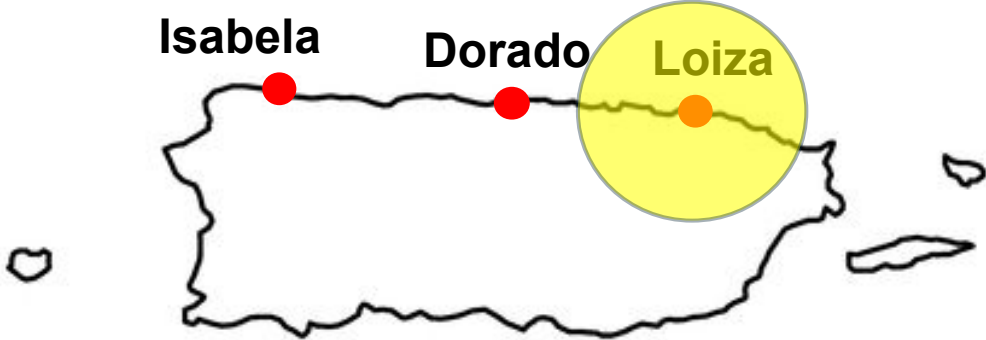
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**UPR**  
Universidad de Puerto Rico



# Dunes are commonly found on the north coast of Puerto Rico.



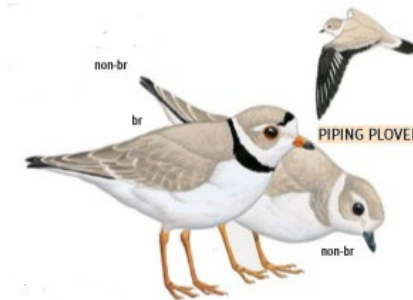
47.8% are found in Isabela, Dorado and Loiza.





Loiza

# Sand dunes in Puerto Rico serve as habitat for important biota.



# Dunes also play an important role in protecting lives and primary infrastructure from coastal hazards



# Dunes in Puerto Rico have many threats and have been damaged, degraded and destroyed by human actions



**Random beach accesses, on coastal dunes, are a major threat to their integrity and cause problems.**





**Pedro Albizu Campos Road, Isabela, Puerto Rico**









**Middles beach, Isabela**  
After winter storm Riley – March 2018

**Random beach accesses  
in Loiza cause a reduction in  
vegetation cover that  
makes dunes more  
vulnerable to erosion**

Puts primary infrastructure, property and  
lives in danger in the event of strong  
wave action.







clase  
acompañando tacos  
bacalardo y  
arepa con  
bacalao

EL MOVIMIENTO

coco  
frio









MAP

03/27/18

08:52:00

LOG

05  
00

-04.1°

+00.5°

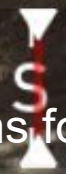
181° S01W 3218mils MAG

ZERO

A-B

CAL

150



210

LENS

2.0 X



There are no relocation programs for displaced sand in Puerto Rico

5

+018.458642° / -065.988388° ↑ 15m

MAIL

MAP

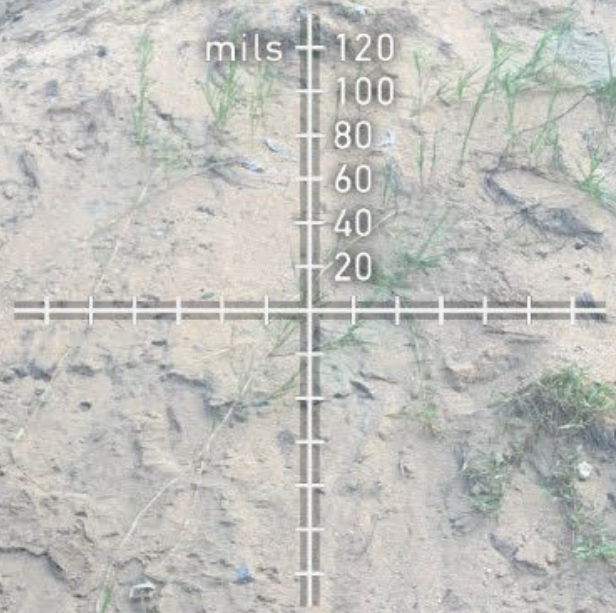
01/11/24

◀ N ▶

15:51:26

LOG

06.5°



-02.6°



▶ SHOW EXTRAS...

186° S06W 3307mils MAG

PROCESSING 01

A-B

CAL



COLOR

1.0 X

📷 S





UPR  
AGUADILLA

NO LLEGAR A ESTE LUGAR



PREFS

+018.427465° / -065.832612° ↑ 5m

MAP

03/05/24

11:42:29

LOG

-05  
00  
+05

-00.3°

mils  
240  
200  
160  
120  
80  
40

▶ SHOW EXTRAS...

341° N19W 6062mils MAG

ZERO

A-B

CAL

330 | N

COLOR

0.5 X



+018.431112° / -065.835604° ↑ 1m

MAIL

MAP

12/08/23

◀ N ▶

10:51:40

LOG

7°

-05

-01.4°

00

CAL

SHOW EXTRAS...

051° N51E 0907mils MAG

A-B

CAL

030

060

COLOR

1.0X

⊙ S





























18°27'09.9"N 65°57'53.4"W

18°27'10.5"N 65°57'55.9"W

18°27'06.3"N 65°57'40.3"W

18°27'02.9"N 65°57'28.5"W

18°27'08.4"N 65°57'47.2"W

18°27'08.1"N 65°57'46.5"W

18°26'57.8"N 65°56'59.4"W

18°26'59.0"N 65°57'07.2"W

18°26'52.7"N 65°56'43.2"W

18°26'59.0"N 65°57'07.6"W

18°26'54.3"N 65°56'46.6"W

Playa Monte Grande

18°26'42.4"N 65°55'40.1"W

18°26'39.6"N 65°55'30.2"W

18°26'39.4"N 65°55'02.3"W

18°26'42.4"N 65°55'40.2"W

18°26'40.6"N 65°55'16.7"W

18°26'39.4"N 65°55'05.0"W

Reserva Natural  
Bosque de Piñones

Canal de  
Tierra

Islote de  
Juan Pérez

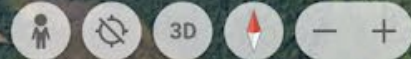
Canal del  
Medio

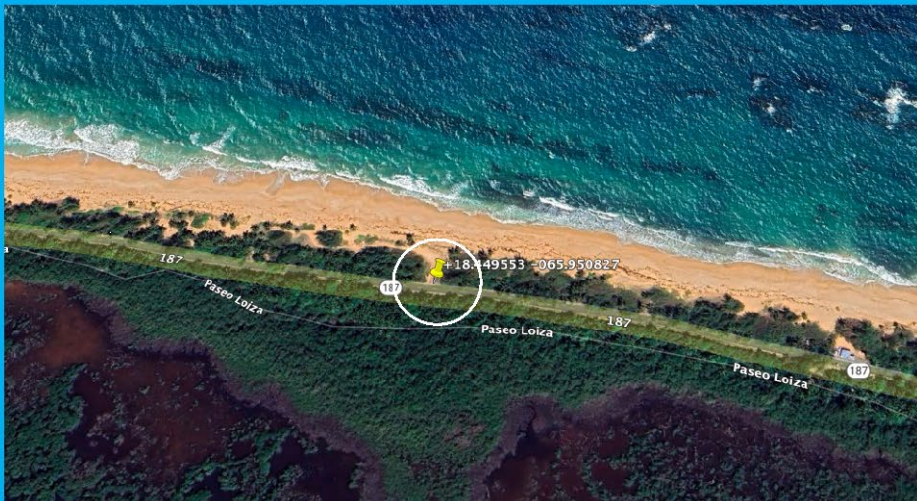
CAROLINA

Canal  
Caracolés

Laguna de Piñones

Índice < 1/62 >





### Installation of wooden fence.

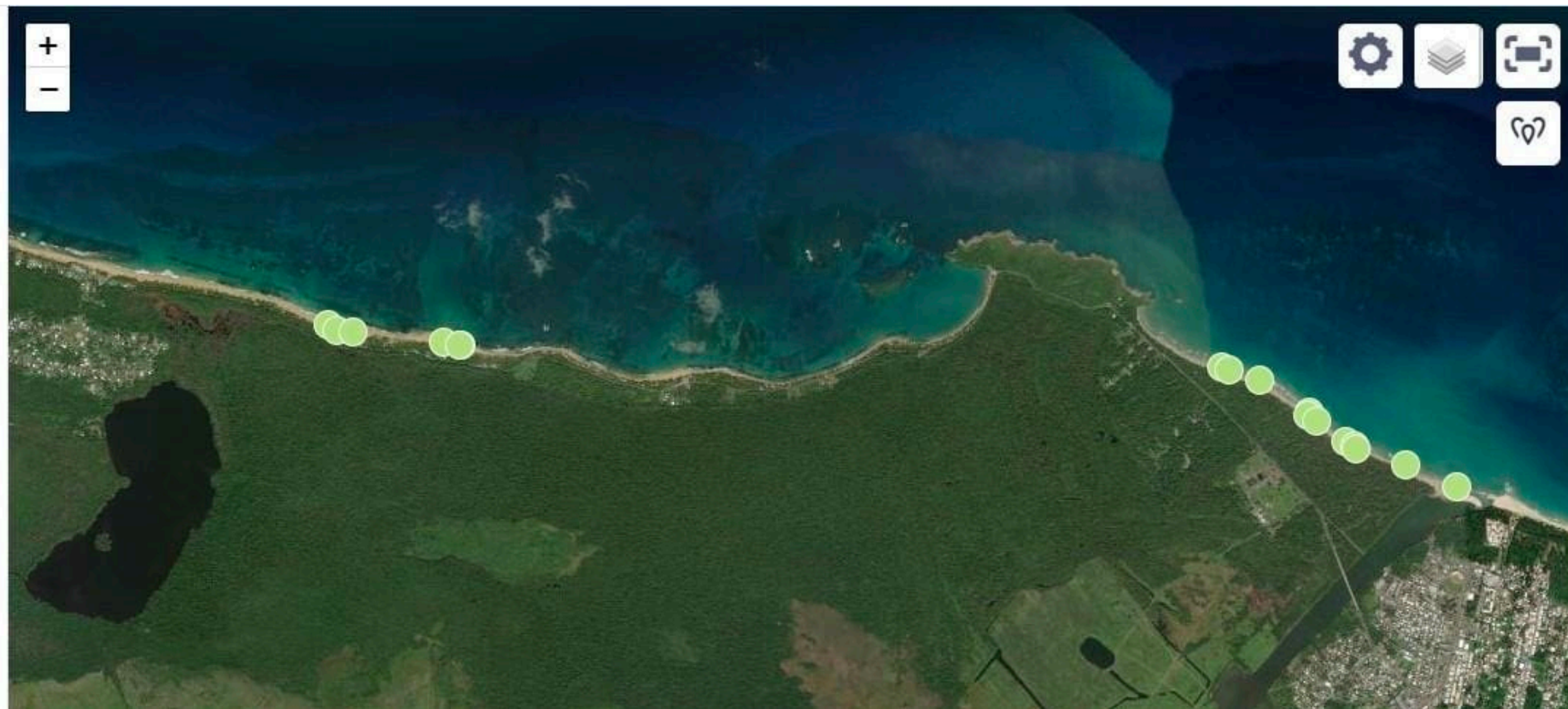
Application of limestone rock material and biomimicry.

Planting stabilizing vegetation.

Installation of information signs about the project.

(+018.449553° -065.950827°).

# Sea turtle nesting in Loiza for 2024







100 ft long boardwalk A

60 ft long boardwalk B

300 ft long fence a

24 ft long fence b

61 ft long fence c

142 ft long fence d

Signs (red dots)

Biomimicry (brown shaded areas)

Planting (green shaded areas)

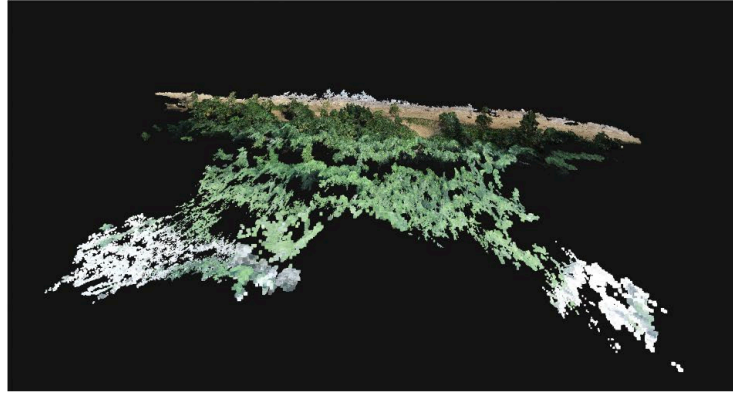


Playa Tocones, Loiza. Capture of imagery by drone to study the area to be executed or work and installation of boardwalk. March 06, 2024.



# Using PIX4D to analyze aerial imagery and metrics

3D map  
Playa Los Marullos, Loiza

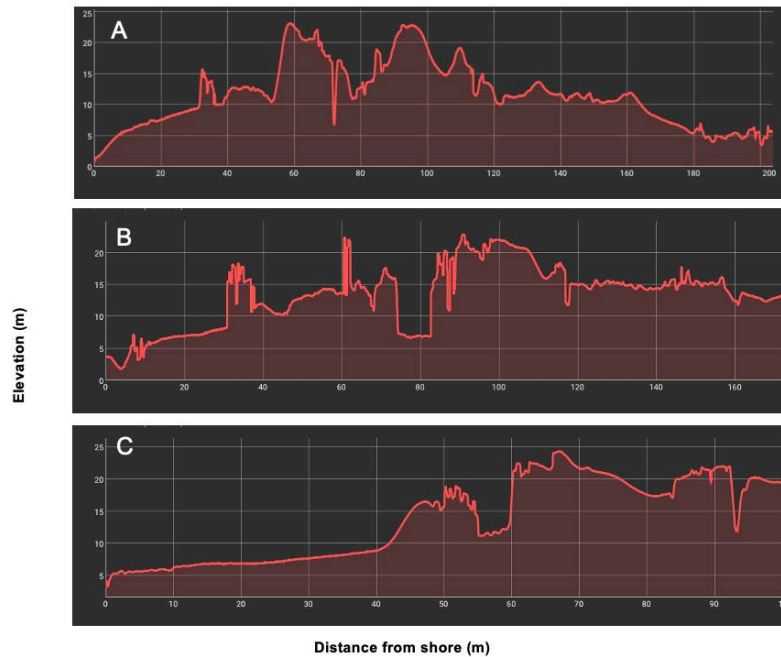
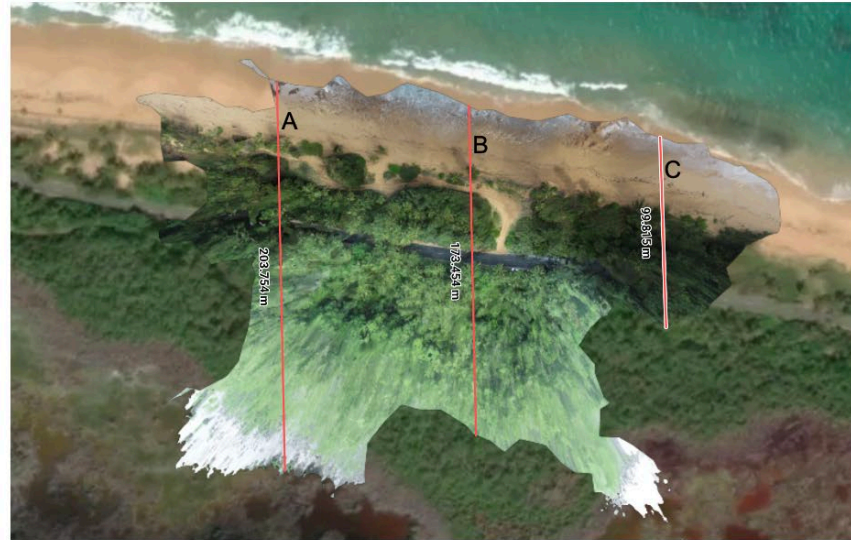


2D map



Total area of site = 4.82375 ha

**Site elevation (m)**  
Playa Los Marullos, Loiza



**Metrics**

Shoreline position

Beach width

Elevation

Volume

Shore face

Backshore

Dune width

Dune height

Dune volume

Sand grain size









Theoretical training for new Vida Marina employees who work in Loiza. Course held at the Vida Marina workshop, UPR-Aguadilla by researchers Dr. Bárbara Antunes and Dr. Robert J. Mayer. February, 06, 2024.



Practical training for new Vida Marina employees who work in Loiza. Course held at the Vida Marina workshop, UPR-Aguadilla by the Vida Marina team. February, 07 and 08, 2024



Practical training for new Vida Marina employees who work in Loiza. Course held at the Vida Marina workshop, UPR-Aguadilla by the Vida Marina team. February, 07 and 08, 2024.





Interview with Loiza resident employees by the UPR press officer.



Labeling of the F150 single cabin vehicle purchased with NOAA funds for the project in Loiza, February, 11, 2024.



Labeling and internal preparation of the trailer acquired with NOAA resources for the project in Loiza



First day of organizing the space for construction of the carpentry workshop for the Project in Loiza, February 14, 2024.



Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Our Loiza staff building workbenches. March, 2024.



Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Construction of a carpentry house from the Loiza project -NOAA. Marzch, 2024.





Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Construction of a carpentry house from the Loiza project - NOAA. April 01, 2024.





Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Piñones National State Forest, Loiza. Construction of a carpentry house from the Loiza project -NOAA. April 02, 2024.



Supervision visits of the work carried out in Loiza and planning of the next trips in wood by researchers Dr. Bárbara Antunes and Dr. Robert J. Mayer.





Playa Tocones, Loiza. Capture of images by drone to study the area to be executed or work and installation of boardwalk. March 06, 2024.



Playa Tocones, Loiza. Installation of 60 ft of exclusion fences. March 08, 2024.



Playa Tocones, Loiza. Installation of 60 ft of exclusion fences. March 08, 2024.









Torecillas, Loiza. Planting vegetation (253 plants), February 16, 2024.









Marbela Casa de Playa, Isabela

## Sand accretion, as a result of Hurricane Fiona, on biomimicry matrices on the north-western coast of Puerto Rico.

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**Figure 1.** Biomimicry matrix on a breach on the primary dune in Secret Spot Beach, Isabela. The image on the left was taken on February 25, 2021 and the one on the right was taken on September 28, 2022. Note the large volume of sand accumulated on the mimicry. This was caused by the storm surge caused by hurricane Fiona on September 18, 2022.

*Biomimicry matrices are built using boards from dismantled wooden shipping pallets driven on holes made using a gas-operated auger. The boards are installed in areas where there is significant wind-transport of sand.*



La salud  
de un pueblo,  
comienza con  
la salud de  
sus mujeres.















NFWF

## NCRF PRE-PROPOSAL – Narrative

### Creating a Site Assessment and Preliminary Design to Protect a Community and Habitats in Loiza (PR)

**PART I – PROJECT OVERVIEW**  
Project Category: **Site(s) Assessment and Preliminary Design**

1. **What is the coastal resilience challenge you are seeking to address through your project?**  
During the last decade, Vida Marina (Center for Conservation and Ecological Restoration of the University of Puerto Rico) has implemented restoration projects on the west coast of Loiza, Puerto Rico but has not been able to restore the east coast that is characterized by a rapidly receding shoreline that is full of debris. Vida Marina knows this area well and has an extensive network of collaborators in the community but severe coastal erosion, the presence of collapsed concrete structures (mostly informal), and the amount of other debris, sometimes dumped as makeshift erosion mitigation measures on that coast, have made it difficult to implement the nature-based techniques that the organization has successfully implemented on other parts of the island. In this project, **Vida Marina seeks to create an interdisciplinary team that will perform a site assessment and create a preliminary design for the restoration of the east coast of Loiza that will protect its vulnerable, marginalized, and underrepresented community, critical utilities, primary infrastructure and habitats from the impacts of natural coastal hazards. This project will also help prevent the displacement of the community from their homes. Most people in this area live at a very short and dangerous distance from the shoreline making them very vulnerable to coastal hazards.**

**The preliminary design that will result from this project will focus on the removal of coastal debris, the installation living breakwaters, living shorelines, wooden boardwalks and decks. The plan will also focus on reforestation of the coast, and the ecological restoration coastal dunes to enhance protection of the communities of the east coast of Loiza and its habitats to coastal hazards.** These techniques will also help prevent having to take more drastic grey measures such as the use of concrete structures.

**How does your project integrate with past and planned future resilience activities in the area?**  
The organization has also contributed to building the ecological restoration of primary dunes and mangroves on the west coast of Loiza and has also contributed to building the ecological expertise in ecological restoration through an environmental education program. Vida Marina has hired and trained three staff members through the Resilience Grants for Underserved Communities of the west coast of Loiza and is also involved in the restoration of the west coast of Loiza and its habitats to coastal hazards. This has helped the organization to take more drastic grey measures such as the use of concrete structures.









# Restauración ecológica para niños

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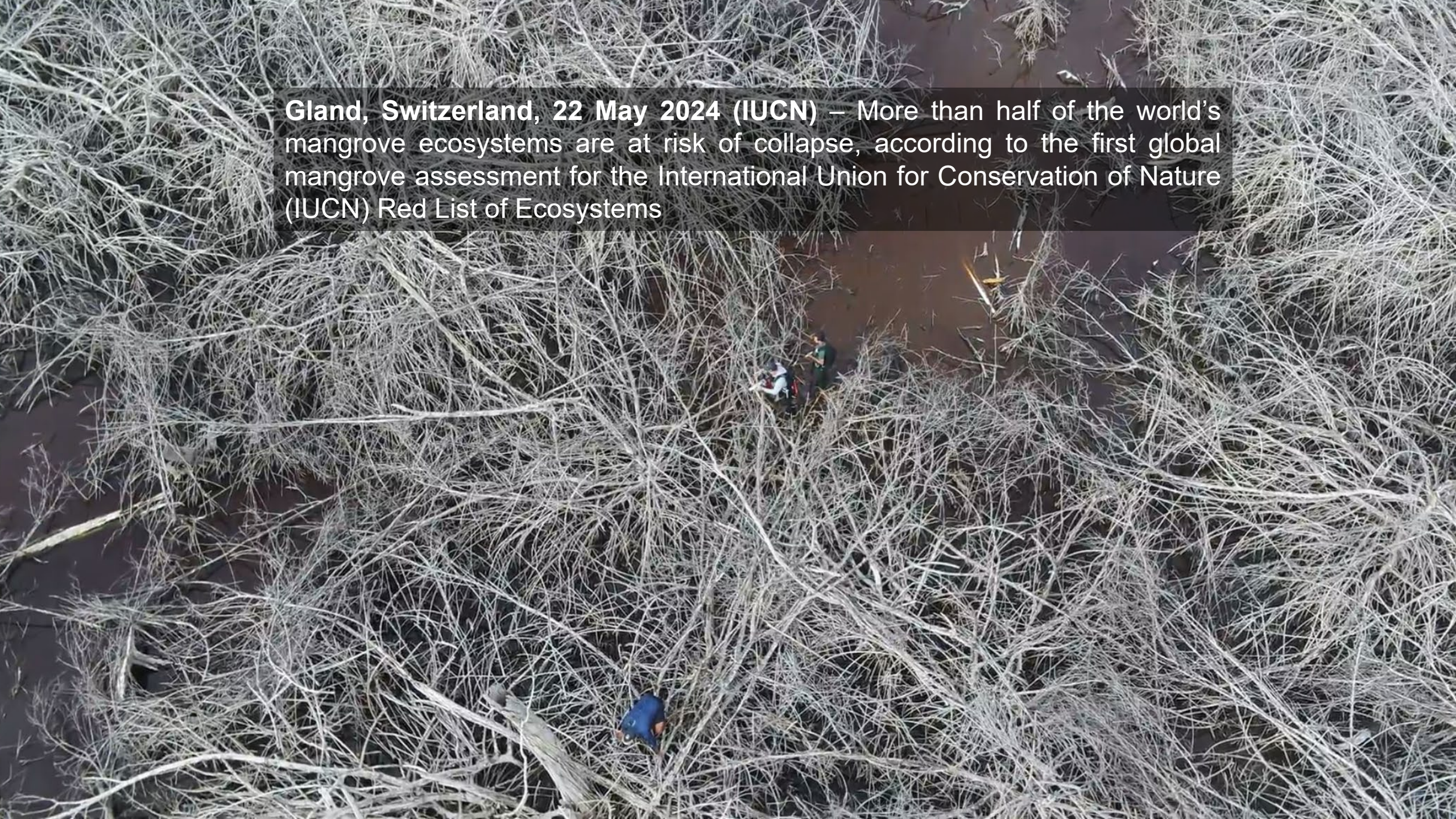


Vida Marina  
UPR Aguadilla



Vida Marina  
RESTAURACION ESCUELA  
UPR AGUADILLA



An aerial photograph of a mangrove forest. The water is dark brown, and the mangrove roots are a dense, intricate network of light-colored, bare branches. A few people are visible in the water, and a yellow boat is partially visible. A semi-transparent black box with white text is overlaid in the upper left quadrant.

**Gland, Switzerland, 22 May 2024 (IUCN)** – More than half of the world's mangrove ecosystems are at risk of collapse, according to the first global mangrove assessment for the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Red List of Ecosystems



















FOOTBALL  
TURKEY  
MAP  
REPEAT







COCO  
CONSERVACIÓN  
COSTERA



# SIEMBRA EN MANGLAR

Debe utilizar zapatos cerrados, (no se puede usar chanclas)

ABRIL

**13**

8:00 AM

11:00 AM

FINCA NOLLA, CAMUY

[conservacioncostera@gmail.com](mailto:conservacioncostera@gmail.com)



**FY22 Coastal Habitat Restoration and Resilience Grants**



**National Fish and Wildlife Foundation  
National Coastal Resilience Fund 2019**



