Modeled monthly loss at export facilities

CV spring-run Chinook salmon*							
Month	Predicted loss under COS	Predicted loss under PA	PA-COS	% change			
October	1	1	0	48			
November	0	0	0				
December	0	0	0				
January	0	0	0				
February	18	18	1	4			
March	550	516	-34	-6			
April	1,284	3,366	2,082	162			
May	634	1,481	847	133			
June	33	33	0	0			
July	0	0	0				
August	0	0	0				
September	0	0	0				

Month	Predicted loss under COS	Predicted loss under PA	PA-COS	% change
October	175	260	85	48
November	52	60	9	17
December	167	147	-21	-12
January	5,558	5,927	369	7
February	6,696	6,992	296	4
March	7,197	6,731	-466	-6
April	2,108	5,586	3,478	165
May	1,326	3,109	1,783	134
June	975	982	7	1
July	37	36	0	-1
August	12	12	0	-1
September	17	17	0	2

CCV steelhead

^{*2%} of modeled loss of spring-run-sized Chinook

CCV steelhead population context of modeled loss

- Estimated annual Delta juvenile population range late 1990's-100,00 - 660,000 (Nobriga and Cadrett 2001, Good et al. 2005)
- Estimated annual loss from PA: 29,858
- Estimated annual loss from COS: 24,319
 - PA- Loss of 5 to 30 percent of steelhead exiting the Delta
 - COS- Loss of 4 to 24 percent of steelhead exiting the Delta
- Take Home- Potential loss of substantial portions of a cohort in poor production years

CV spring-run population context of modeled loss

- 5-year spring-run escapement range: 1,500-14,100 Estimated 5-year Delta juvenile population range: ~100,000-2,500,000*
- Estimated annual loss from PA: 5,415
- Estimated annual loss from COS: 2,519

PA- Loss of 1 to 5 percent of Delta spring-run

COS- Loss of <1 to 3 percent of Delta spring-run

Take Home- Potential loss of substantial portions of a cohort in poor production years

*Conceptual estimate based on potential demographic similarities between spring-run and winter-run:

5-year winter-run escapement range: 1,200-6,400

5-year Delta juvenile population range range (JPE): 100,00-1,200,000